Aims:-

• We aim at imparting and improving sound knowledge of Panchakarma therapy to developed proficiency in skill and research.

Objectives:-

- To achieved by complying all the applicable statutory and regulatory necessities for continual improvement and up gradation.
- To educate and train our students to provide "fit for purpose" quality health care services to the society.
- To nurtures positive attitude in our students to achieve at most level of satisfaction.

Introduction:-

Ayurved is one of the most ancient systems of health care & medicine. It is interesting to observe that during last few decades there has been a tremendous resurgence of interest in Ayurved as a positive health science all over the world. Ayurved is an eternal science of healthy living deals with physical, psychological and spiritual well being of the human being and covers all the aspect of human life. Ayurved approach towards the treatment consists of two major categories Shodhana Chikitsa (Bio-Purification of Body) & Shamana Chilitsa (Palliative Treatment). The morbid and accumulated Doshas (Endotoxin) should be eliminated from the body through upper root i.e. Urdhvamarga (Mukhanasikabhyam) or lower root i.e. Adhamarga (Gudamedhra) known as Shodhana Chikitsa.

Panchakarma is specialty of Ayurveda which comes under the Shodhana Chikitsa which consists of numbers of therapeutic procedure out of which mainly five therapeutic procedure are called as Panchakarma i.e. Vamana (Therapeutic Emesis), Virechana (Therapeutic Purgation), Basti (Medicated Emena), Nasya (Nasal administration of medicine) & Raktamoksha (Blood Letting procedure). Panchakarma therapy has attracted of the people worldwide

as it is unique type of treatment of various chronic, Autoimmune, Hormonal, Degenerative disorders etc.

In Panchakarma subjects includes details study of Poorvakarma i.e. Deepana-Pachana Chikitsa, Rookshana, Snehana & Swedana Karma. Vamana, Virechana, Basti, Nasya and Raktsmokshan, these are the Pradhanakarma studied in details along with Paschatkarma. Not only Vamanadi Karma other various Upakrama like Katibasti, Janubasti, Netraprashadana Karma, Lepa, Pindasweda, Shirodhara etc are studied. Some important and retinue practices of Physiotherapy also included in syllabus.

Panchakarma subject is totally practical base (Karmabhyasaja) so that theoretical aspect as well as practical demonstration on patients is carried out to developed skill in the students.

Scope of Panchakrma Therapy:-

- 1) Panchakarma for maintenance of health.
 - ♣ Panchakarma in daily routine (Dinacharya).
 - **♣** Panchakarma in different seasons (Ritucharya).
 - ♣ Panchakrama in trivial manifestations (Vegavidharana).
- 2) Panchakarma to cure the diseased persons.
- 3) Panchakarma to achieve the desired effects of Rasayanadi Karma.

Specialty of Panchakarma Therapy

- **♣** Quick action (Sadyafaldayi *Chikitsa*)
- ♣ Long lasting effect (Chirhkalanubandhi)
- Complete curability of diseases (Apoonarbhavatva)
- Complete eradication of the root cause of diseases (Moolacchhedana)
- ♣ Multiplicity of Action (Nanakarmakaratvata)
- ♣ Restore the Vitality (Ayusha Yujyate Chiram)
- Eradication of target Dosha (Doshashodhana)
- ♣ Enormity of procedure (Vidhivat Chilitsa)

- **♣** Total practical approach (Karmabhyasaja)
- ♣ Emergency Management (Atyayik Vyavasthapana)

Achievements of Panchakarma Department

- **♣** Well structured & developed department as per norms.
- Highly qualified & Care taking teaching and non teaching staff.
- ♣ Adequate books are available in the departmental Library.
- ♣ Different types of Models and Charts are available in the Museum.
- ♣ Research activities:- Article publication National and International Journals- 13.(International Journal 10, National Journal 3).

Photo Gallery of Panchakarma Department:-



































